

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday November 24. to Thursday November 27. 1701.

By the King,

PROCLAMATION,

For a General F A S T.

WILLIAM R.

WE taking into Our Pious and Princely Consideration, the great and eminent Dangers, which Our Kingdoms, and the true Protestant Religion established among Us, are in the present Juncture Threatened with; And being sensible, That the same cannot otherwise, in Humane Reason, be prevented, but by the particular Blessing of GOD upon the Consultations and Endeavours of Our Great Council in Parliament, which We have Called to Meet on the 10th Day of December next; Have, out of Our own Religious Disposition, and do hereby Command, That a General and Publick Fast be kept throughout this whole Kingdom, in such manner as is hereafter Directed and Comanded, that so both We and Our People may Send up Our Prayers and supplications to Almighty GOD, to Avert those Judgements which Our manifold Sins and Provocations have most justly Deserved, and Implore His Blessing upon Us, and Our Dominions, and to Unite the Hearts of Our Loyal Protestants, and to Continue His Mercy, and the Protestant Religion, to Us and our Posterities, and more especially to Bless His Abundant Blessings on the consultations and Endeavours of Our Ensuing Parliament, that the same may produce Honour, Safety, and Prosperity, to Our Self and Our People. And We do hereby, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Publish and Declare to all Our Loving Subjects, and do straightly Charge and Command, That on Friday, being the 19th Day of December next, this Fast shall Religiously Kept and Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Direction to the Archbishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches, Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do straightly Charge and Command, That the said Fast be Reverently and Decently Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, they Tender the Favour of Almighty GOD, and would Avoid His Wrath and Indignation against this Land, and upon Pain of Undergoing such Punishments as We may Justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Duty.

Given at Our Court at Hampton-Court the Twenty third Day of November, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

Hampton-Court, Nov. 25. The following Address from the County of Brecon, was presented to His Majesty by Thomas Walker Esq; introduced by his Grace the Duke of Devonshire.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and other Freeholders of the County of Brecon, met together at the General Sessions of the Peace, holden at the Town of Brecon in the said County in the month of October, in the 13th Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects being very sensible, That the French King, whom we Deserve of Religion, Treaties, or Honour, is again about to involve us in new Troubles, by setting up Usurped Pretensions both for himself abroad, and for the pretended Prince of Wales here at home, with a Design to enlarge his Dominions, and to satisfy his Ambition, to create intestine Differences amongst our selves, and consequently to embroil all Europe in new Troubles. We Your Majesty's most Dutiful Subjects do hereby solemnly Protest and Promise, That we will to the utmost of our Power, in our Persons and Fortunes, Contribute all we can to preserve, and defend Your Sacred Person, and Your Undoubted Right to Your Kingdoms and Dominions, against all Opposers and Pretenders whatsoever.

The following Address from the Borough of Brecon was presented to His Majesty by Sir Jeffrey Jeffreys, and Thomas Walker Esq; introduced by his Grace the Duke of Ormond.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Bayliff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the Borough of Brecon.

May it please Your most Excellent Majesty,

WE Your Majesty's most Faithful and Loyal Subjects being highly sensible, That the Security of our Religion, Rights, and Properties, and the Peace and Happiness of the Nation, doth in so high a measure depend on the Life and Preservation of Your Majesty's Sacred Person; Do humbly beg Leave to congratulate your safe and happy Return home, and to acquaint Your Majesty, That the News of the French King's owning the pretended Prince of Wales for King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, was received by us with the most Indignation, and abhorred and detested with such just Resentments, as great and unparallel'd an Affront to Your Majesty's Person, Crown, and Authority, could inspire into the most Affectionate and Loyal Hearts. We therefore further humbly crave leave to assure Your Majesty, in a demonstration of our assigned Loyalty, Duty, and Affection, unto Your Majesty's Royal Person, that none of your Subjects shall with greater Cheerfulness, Resolution, and Loyal Aid and Assist Your Majesty with their Persons, or their Fortunes, in the Defence of Your Majesty's most undoubted Right and Title to Your Majesty's Kingdoms and Dominions, against all your Enemies whatsoever, both at home and abroad, than those of this Your Majesty's Ancient and Loyal Corporation of Brecon. In Testimony whereof, we have caused the Common Seal of our said Corporation to be hereunto set the 12th Day of November, in the 13th Year of Your Majesty's Reign, &c.

The following Address from the County of Cumberland, and a like Loyal Address of the Bayliff, Aldermen, Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the said Borough and Corporation of Morpeth, in the County of Northumberland, were presented to His Majesty by the Right Honourable the Earl

of Effex, in the Absence of the Earl of Carlisle Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, and other Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

Dread Sovereign,

THE late insolent Proceeding of the King of France, in taking upon him to give the Title of King of England, Scotland and Ireland to the pretended Prince of Wales, (being an Affront and Indignity of the highest nature offered to Your Majesty) we take this occasion to assure Your Majesty, That we detest and resent it as becomes dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

There did not want this farther Proof to convince us, that that Monarch, in Violation of all the Oaths and Treaties that he has made with Your Majesty, will take the first favourable Occasion that offers, to subject these Kingdoms to his despotick Power.

Therefore do we assure Your Majesty, whenever You shall think it necessary, we will to the utmost of our Abilities assist Your Majesty to reduce the exorbitant and dangerous Power of France. And that it may more fully appear that we shall be heartily zealous in this Undertaking, we humbly take the Liberty to acquaint Your Majesty, That we look upon the Preservation of our Laws, Liberties, and Religion, entirely and wholly to depend upon Rendering that Monarch for the future incapable to molest them; the effecting of which, we have all reason to hope for under Your Majesty's most wise and prudent Conduct.

We do farther crave Leave humbly to assure Your Majesty, That we will not only to the utmost hazard of our Lives defend and support Your Majesty's Government and Person (which we pray God long to continue to us) but we do also solemnly resolve and here declare, we will use our utmost Endeavours to support and protect the Succession of the Crown, as it is now settled by Act of Parliament in the Protestant Line, against all Invaders and Pretenders whatsoever.

The following Address from the County of Warwick was presented to His Majesty by George Lucy and Hugh Clifton Esq; introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Denbigh.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Warwick.

Great Sir,

WE would by no means be understood to invade the Province of your great Council in Parliament, (whose Advice may be so necessary to Your Majesty both in Peace and War :) neither could we approach your Royal Throne with a Zeal less fervent than our Fellow-Subjects, whereby your Enemies abroad should have the least Pretence to distinguish us as a divided People. We therefore humbly hope, we cannot incur on any part of our Constitution, whilst we beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, That as often as the presumptuous Infractions of the French King upon his Treaties shall induce Your Majesty to show your just Resentments, we will to the utmost of our Capacities support and enable Your Majesty to Reassume your Royal Prerogatives in the Reducing the Exorbitancies of the French King, with the utter Suppression of all other your Enemies, Pretenders to your Crown and Dignity, with their Adherents.

The following Address from the Borough of Helston was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godolphin Esq;

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of Helston, in the County of Cornwall.

TO You (Great Sir) do we, with Hearts as full of Loyalty as Duty, presume to Address our selves; To Your most Sacred Majesty do we justly Acknowledge the Preservation of our Religion and Tranquillity, detesting and abhorring all the Machinations and Conspiracies of Your Majesty's and our Common Enemy the French King, (specially that of his late asserting the Interest of a pretended Prince of Wales, and giving him the Title of King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in opposition to Your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of these Realms, which we humbly hope will no otherwise affect that Design, than by giving all your good Subjects a clear Proof of his intended Delusions; and a true Sense of their own Duty.

That all his Politicks and Devices may have no better Effect, and that the Crown may flourish on your Royal Head, until it shall be late succeeded by another of Eternal Glory, we and shall be as well the most zealous Enthusiasts as the hearty Servants of; Dread Sovereign, Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects and Servants.

The following Address from the Borough of Chipping-Wicomb, was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godfrey, and Fleetwood Dormer, Esq;

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs, and Burgesses of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of Chipping-Wicomb, in the County of Bucks; and other Inhabitants of the said Borough.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEN we seriously reflect; That (next to the Divine Providence) we owe the present Enjoyment of our Religion, our Estates, and our Liberties to the unintermittent Care and Conduct of Your Majesty, and how frequently You have exposed Your Sacred Life to the utmost Hazards; for securing these Blessings to Your Subjects; we are at a loss for Words to express our Gratitude, and the high Veneration we shall ever retain for Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government.

But in return most humbly beg Leave thereby to assure Your Majesty, That we shall upon all occasions be ready to exert our Power, to sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the Defence and Support of Your Majesty's most just and Rightful and most Lawful Title to the Crowns of England Scotland, and Britain; against the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his Adherents; and in opposition to the French King, and all other Persons whatsoever, who shall now or hereafter insolently attempt to set up any Claim to any of Your Majesty's Dominions contrary to the several Acts of Parliament for Establishing and Establishing the Succession of the Crown.

of Faith and Justice in the French King, and utterly reject his pretended Prince of Wales; All their base and unworthy Contrivances shall only awaken and animate us to secure against them, and to be more firm and zealous in our Duty to Your Majesty, and to Your Successors to the Crown of England in the Protestant Line, as they are by Law Established; resolving to adhere to Your Sacred Majesty with our Lives and Fortunes, in Opposition to the French King, or any Prince or Person that shall make any Attempt on Your Person and Government, to us most Dear and Estimable. We are particularly Thankful to Your Majesty for Your Care of this Your Kingdom, in favouring us with so wise and so good a General Governor as Your Majesty has been pleased to place at this time over us: And our constant and most intense Prayers are offered up to God for Your long Life; during which, we conclude our selves, under God's favour, secure and happy.

All which Addresses His Majesty received very graciously.

Messina, October 24. N.S. An Order was sent last Week by the Vice-Roy of Sicily to the Governor of this Place, not to suffer any English or Dutch Men of War to enter into our Port, and to fire upon them if they do; And we hear the like Orders have (by direction from the Court of Spain) been given to the Governors of all the other Sea-port Towns in this Island.

Leghorne, October 24. An English Merchant Ship, John Pennington Master, arrived here two days ago from England, having in his passage put into Majorca, where being in want of fresh Water, he sent his Boat ashore to be supplied with the same; but the Governor would not permit it, saying, He had received Orders from the Court of Madrid, not to supply any English or Dutch Ship with Water, Provisions, or any other Necessaries.

Warsaw, Nov. 6. The King of Poland has resolved to summon a General Diet, and Circular Letters are already dispatched to the several Palatinates to require them to choose their Deputies for this Assembly, and to give them the necessary Instructions touching the several Matters to be proposed to the Consideration of the said Diet, particularly concerning the Offer made by the Emperor and several other Princes, of their Mediation for Accommodating the Differences between Sweden and this Crown; The Methods to be taken for raising money to pay the Arrears due to the Forces of the Crown, who threaten to confederate if speedy care be not taken to satisfy them; And the quelling of the Disturbances in Lithuania, where the Heats and Animosities between the House of Sapieha and the Confederated Nobility of Lithuania do still continue, notwithstanding all the Endeavours that have been used to reconcile these two Parties by several of the Senators, and other Persons of Quality who met for this purpose at Grodno, and separated the 28th of the last month, finding nothing could be done by the way of a Negotiation. In the mean time, the House of Sapieha have desired the Protection of the King of Sweden, who has sent several Regiments of Horse and Foot to their Assistance. Commissioners are sent down to Lemberg to adjust the Accounts of the Army of the Crown. According to our last Advice from Courland, the King of Sweden had sent considerable Reinforcements from thence to his Forces commanded by Count Welling on the Borders of Livonia, and intended in few days to put the rest of his Army into Winter Quarters at Libau, and other Places. The Dunamunder Fort held out still, and the Swedes designed to make a vigorous Attack upon that Place with the first Frost.

Brussels, Nov. 28. In pursuance of what was agreed on between the French King and the Elector of Cologne, a Body of French Horse and Foot marched some days ago from their Quarters in Gelderland, and on the 22d Instant entered into Rhynberg and Keyserwaert; and about the same time several Battalions marched from their Camp near Richelle, and were received into the Town and Citadel of Liege; and to supply the place of these Troops, other Regiments are marched to Gelderland, and to the Camp at Nivelle, from Lorraine, Tirment, and other Places of the Spanish Provinces; and in the room of the latter, more Forces are expected from the French Conquests. An Agreement is made with Monsieur Hacot, one of the General Farmers of the French King's Revenues, for Farming the Publick Revenues of the Spanish Netherlands at a certain yearly Rent, to commence from the first day of January next.

Paris, November 30. N.S. The King goes this day from Versailles to Marly, where he intends to continue 8 or 10 days. People here are very much concerned at the News from Italy, that the French Army has been obliged to decamp before the Germans, which is very contrary to the Expectations they had in the beginning of the Campaign, of driving the Germans out of Italy this Summer, and entirely breaking the Emperor's Measures on that side; It is given out, that one of the main occasions of our Forces quitting the Field, was, the Duke of Savoy's refusing to continue longer encamped, insisting upon his Treaty with this Crown, by which he is at liberty to return home with his Troops at any time after the First of this November. The King has ordered the new Levies for adding 5 Men to each Troop of Horse, and 10 to each Company of Foot, to be carried on with all possible diligence; And 'tis believed, that as soon as the same are completed, Commissions will be given out for further Levies; and that more Forces will be sent to Italy. Letters from thence of the 21st Instant say, Marshal Villeroy was come with greatest part of the Army to Lucignano, having had a very difficult march, by reason of the ill Weather and bad Ways; That the day these Letters were writ, our Artillery was sent to Cremona, except 15 Field-pieces, and that Marshal Catinat was gone thither, to be cured of the Wound he received in the Retreat of our Army from the Camp near Vrago. The German Army were marched towards Brescia, and some of their Troops advanced towards Canetto; It's thought their Design is to post themselves from Palazzuolo as far as the Lake de Garde, and to endeavour to cut off the Communication between the Dutchy of Mantua and the Milaneze, which the French on the other hand will do all they can to maintain, as being of very great Importance to them. The 6000 Danes, and two Regiments of German Foot, of 2500 Men each, were come to Trent, in their way to join the Imperial Army. 'Tis confirmed by the last Letters from Cologne, That on the 22d Instant, Eleven French Battalions of

Foot, under the Command of Count de Coignies, entered into Rhynberg, Keyserwaert, and Nays; and the Marquis de Montrevil, Lieutenant General, with about 6000 French Horse and Foot, possessed himself of Liege at the same time; All these Troops were drawn out of the Camp at Richelle, and the several Garrisons in the Spanish Gelderland, and in their room other French Forces are to march thither from Flanders. An Express is come from Nancy, with an account, That the Dutchess of Lorraine was delivered of a Princess, who died soon after she was born. The Duke of Harcourt is arrived here from Spain. The Duke d'Arcos, and Count Bagnols, his Brother, who came hither some time ago from Spain, went this Week to Flanders, where they are commanded to serve in the Spanish Forces, because of the offence the Count at Madrid took against them, for having presented a Memorial against the Regulation made last Summer, by which the Dukes and Peers of France are to have in Spain the same Honours and Privileges as Grandes of Spain, and the latter are to be reciprocally to be treated as Dukes and Peers of France.

Hampton-Court, Nov. 22. His Majesty has been pleased to grant to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Radnor, the Office of Steward of His Majesty's Duchy of Cornwall, and the Borough and Mannor of Bradninch in the County of Devon; and of Warden and Steward of His Majesty's Stannaries and Stannary Courts; and of Rider and Master of His Majesty's Forests and Chase of Dartmore, in the room of John Earl of Bath deceased.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rivers to be Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster, in the room of Charles Earl of Macclesfield deceased.

Members chosen for the ensuing Parliament.

Town of Dover, Matthew Aylmer Esq; - - - ap. Hon Esq;
Town of Sandwich, Sir Henry Furness, Sir James Osenach.
Borough of Bramber, Conway Seymour Esq; Thomas Owen Esq;
Borough of Abingdon, Simon Harcourt Esq;
Borough of St. Albans, George Churchill Esq; John Gape Esq;
Borough of New-Windsor, The Rt. Hon. the Lord Viscount Fitzharing, Richard Topham Esq;
Borough of Southwark, Charles Cox Esq; John Cholmely Esq;

Advertisements.

THE Anniversary Meeting of Gentlemen Educated at Merchant-Taylor School, will be held at Merchant-Taylor's Hall on Thursday the 11th of December next. Tickets are distributed by Mr. Walford, Bookseller, in St. Paul's Church-yard; Mr. Johnston, Holler, in Fleet-street; Oliver's Coffee-house near Westminster-hall, Mr. Goodrich at the Mermaid Tavern in Cornhill; and Mr. Lane, Cook, near Aldgate.

This day is published, The Law of Executors and Administrators: Being a Common Law Treatise, shewing, Directions for the management of their Office and Duty, in the several Branches of it. Probate of Wills, and of Codicils. Executor de son Tort. Joyn't Executors. Executor of Executor. Administration committed, how and by whom, and to whom. Bona notabilia, and Pleadings. Several sorts of Actions, brought by and against Executors, with the Declarations and Pleadings thereon. Of the Plea Plene Administravit, nung; Executor. Of Notice. Retainer and Pleadings. Issue, Evidence, Costs, Judgment, Execution and Error, &c. Printed for J. Walthoe in the Middle-Temple Cloysters, and M. Wotton at the Three Daggers in Fleet-street.

An Essay upon Miracles. In Two Discourses. By William Fleetwood, Fellow of Eaton-College, and Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty. Printed for C. Harper at the Flower-de-luce against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street.

To morrow will be published, Three Discourses of Sir Walter Raleigh. 1. Of a War with Spain, and our Protecting the Netherlands. Written by the Command of King James I. in 1602. 2. Of the Original, and Fundamental Cause of Natural, Arbitrary, and Civil War. 3. Of Ecclesiastical Power. Published by Philip Raleigh Esq; his only Grandson. Printed for Benj. Barker at the White Hart in Westminster-hall.

THE Fleece Tavern, and other Houses, near and without Aldgate, London, late of Tho. Hilliard, Carpenter, value clear of Ground-Rents about 220 l. per Ann. will be sold by the Assignees of the Commissioners of Bankrupt, by inch of Candle, on Thursday the 18th of December next, at 4 in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-house in Threadneedle-street; and Particulars may be had at Mr. Deputy Stamper's in the aforesaid Street: The Creditors of the said Hilliard are desired to meet at the said Coffee-house on Thursday the 11th of December, at 4 in the afternoon, to consult with the Assignees about such Sale.

A House, and Ground fit for a Whitter or Callicoe-Printer, is to be let with several Sheds, and Wash-houses, near the King's old Barge-house over-against the Temple. Enquire at Mr. Pinke's on the narrow Wall in Lambeth.

Lost or mislaid on Thursday last, several Notes of Mr. Doughty and Wilkinson, and others, with other Writing, and Papers; all which are of no use but to the Owner. Whoever brings the same to Mr. Norfolk at his Chocolate-house in Bridges street, or to Mrs. Mander at the Fountain Tavern in Bartholomew-lane, shall have 20 Guineas Reward, and Charges.

Lost, a Note of Sir Stephen Evans, payable to Mrs. Dorothy Thwaites 275 l. 18 s. Who ever brings it to Sir Stephen Evans, Goldsmith, in Lombard-street, shall have 10 s. Reward.

A Negro Man named Stephen, aged about 20 years, speaks good English a Native of the Leeward Islands in America, arrived here about the 12th of August last; run away from his Master William Mead since the 12th of November, with a Livery of grey Broad Cloth lined and edged with red, with Plate Buttons; a Suit of light-coloured Frise Stuff; a red waistcoat faced with white; all to the value of 10 l. Whoever brings the said Negro to Mr. Joseph Martyn in Love-lane, London, shall have Five Guineas Reward.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Waters, late of Stoke-Damerell in Devonshire, Merchant; All those who owe the said Bankrupt any Money, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to the Bankrupt, or his Order; And that all the said Bankrupt's Creditors prove their Debts before the Commissioners on or before the first of next, and pay Contribution, otherwise they'll be excluded from all benefit by the said Commission.

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The humble Address of the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Warwick.

Great Sir,

WE would by no means be understood to invade the Province of your great Council in Parliament, (whose Advice may be so necessary to Your Majesty both in Peace and War) neither could we approach your Royal Throne with a Zeal less fervent than our Fellow-Subjects, whereby your Enemies abroad should have the least Pretence to distinguish we are a divided People. We therefore humbly hope, we cannot increase on any part of our Constitution, whilst we beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, That as often as the presumptuous Infractions of the French King upon his Treaties shall induce Your Majesty to show your just Resentments, we will to the utmost of our Capacities support and enable Your Majesty to Reassume your Royal Prerogatives in the Reducing the Exorbitancies of the French King, with the utter Suppression of all other your Enemies, Pretenders to your Crown and Dignity, with their adherents.

The following Address from the Borough of Helston was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godolphin Esq;

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of Helston, in the County of Cornwall.

TO You (Great Sir) do we, with Hearts as full of Loyalty as Duty, presume to Address our selves; To Your most Sacred Majesty do we justly Acknowledge the Preservation of our Religion and Tranquillity, detesting and abhorring all the Machinations and Conspiracies of Your Majesty's and our Common Enemy the French King, (especially that of his late asserting the Interest of a pretended Prince of Wales, and giving him the Title of King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in opposition to Your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of these Realms, which we humbly hope will no otherwise affect that Design, than by giving all your good Subjects a clear Proof of his intended Delusions, and a true Sense of their own Duty.

That all his Tricks and Devices may have no better Effect, and that the Crown may flourish on your Royal Head, until it shall be late succeeded by and shew of Eternal Glory, are and shall be as well the most zealous Enthusiasts as the hearty Prayers, of, Dread Sovereign, Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects and Servants.

The following Address from the Borough of Chipping-Wicomb, was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godfrey, and Fleetwood Dormer, Esq;

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliff, and Burgesses of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of Chipping-Wicomb, in the County of Bucks; and other Inhabitants of the said Borough.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEN we seriously reflect, That (next to the Divine Providence) we owe the present Enjoyment of our Religion, our Estates, and our Liberties to the unmitable Care and Conduct of Your Majesty, and how frequently You have exposed Your Sacred Life to the utmost Hazards; for securing these Blessings to Your Subjects; we are at a loss for Words to express our Gratitude, and the high Veneration we shall ever retain for Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government.

But in return most humbly beg leave hereby to assure Your Majesty, That we shall upon all occasions be ready to the extent of our Power, to sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the Defence and Support of Your Majesty's most just Rightful and most Lawful Title to the Crowns of England Scotland, and Ireland; against the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his Adherents; and in opposition to the French King, and all other Persons whatsoever, who shall now or hereafter insolently attempt to set up any Claim to any of Your Majesty's Dominions contrary to the several Acts of Parliament for Limiting and Establishing the Succession of the Crown.

And we shall daily offer up our most fervent Prayers for Your Majesty's Long and Flourishing Reign over us; and that through the Blessing of Almighty GOD, and His Wisdom and Assistance of Your approaching Parliament at home, with the Courage and Fidelity of Your Allies abroad, Your Majesty may be rendered (as You justly deserve) the Chief Protector of the Protestant Religion, the Grand Arbitrator of Europe, and the Terror and Scourge of France. In Testimony whereof we have herewith affixed our Common Seal of the said Borough, this Two and twentieth Day of November, in the Thirteenth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address was presented to His Majesty by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Halifax.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of Your Majesty's Loyal Subjects the Inhabitants of the Town and Vicaridge of Halifax, in the County of York.

Great SIR,

As we Abhor all Pretences that call in Question Your Majesty's Title to your Imperial Crown; so utterly Detest the French King's Insolence, in declaring the pretended Prince of Wales King over Your Majesty's Lawful Dominions: In opposition thereto, we are ready with one Heart and Mind to expose our Lives and Fortunes.

We heartily pray for Your Majesty's long and prosperous Reign over us, That GOD (under whom your Royal Person hath done so many Glorious Things for us) would be your Defender and Keeper, giving Your Majesty the Victory over all Your Enemies. In Testimony whereof, we have affixed our Town Seal in the behalf of many Thousands of us.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Magistrates, Freeholders, and other the Inhabitants, of the ancient Borough of Petersfield, in the County of Southampton.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Burgesses, Justice, Aldermen, and Inhabitants, of the Borough of St. Ives, in the County of Cornwall.

The following Addresses were transmitted from Ireland.

The humble and hearty Address of the Sovereign, Recorder, Burgesses, and Freemen, of the ancient Corporation of Kildare.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Common-Council, of the ancient Town and County of Drogheda.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Citizens, of the City of Waterford.

The humble Address of the Nobility, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and Freeholders, of the County of Waterford.

The humble Address of the Governor, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and Freeholders, of the County of Wicklow, for themselves and His Majesty's Loyal Subjects of that County.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Burgesses, Common-Council, and Freemen, of the Town and County of the Town of Galway.

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and the rest of the Protestant Freeholders of the County of Kilkenny.

The humble Address of the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Drogheda Comes Roslorum, and of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, and Freeholders, of the County of Meath.

All which Addresses His Majesty received very Graciously.

From the Imperial Camp near Ponte-Oglia, November 17. N. S. The 11th Instant in the evening, one of our Parties returned to the Camp, having met with some of the Enemy's Dragoons, of whom they killed 7, and brought away several Prisoners, with 19 Horses. The 12th, Adjutant-General, Count Davia, Captain Columba, and Colonel Paul Diack returned hither with the Parties under their Command, who met near Soricina a Convoy of the Enemy, guarded by 100 Horse and as many Foot, whom they attacked, and killed above 30, but a Reinforcement coming to the Enemy from the Town, our Men were obliged to retire with the loss of about 20 of their number. The Enemy lost in this occasion 80 Men, several of them Officers. In the night our advanced Guards sent notice to the General, that they heard a great noise in the Enemy's Camp, and saw Fires in several places, upon which several Parties were sent out to get Intelligence, but they found their Out-Guards posted in the usual manner, so that they could not advance near enough to observe the Enemy; But the 14th in the morning we had Advice, That the Enemy were decamped without beat of Drum, and had repassed the Oglio; Upon which, Prince Eugene went out himself with a Party of Horse, and finding this Account to be true, he immediately caused 12 Field-Pieces to be planted on the Banks of the River, where a strong Detachment of Grenadiers was likewise posted, and another Detachment with a Body of Horse were sent over one of the Bridges the Enemy had laid over the Oglio, which they had not time to break down. Our Men fired upon the Enemy, and our Cannon and small Arms did some execution, and we were informed, That Marshal Catinar was wounded in his right Arm and his right Side with a Musket Shot. Prince Eugene and several other General Officers went afterwards to view the Enemy's Camp, which they found strongly intrenched. The Enemy encamped near Calzo. The 14th, they marched from thence towards Soricina. Several Parties were sent out after them. The Weather was very bad, with abundance of Snow. The 15th, we received Advice, That the Enemy had put Garisons into Soricina and Fontanella, and were marched to Piacenza. One of our Parties came home, who had fallen upon the Enemy's Foragers between Tricola and Soricina, killed above 60, took a Major, a Lieutenant, and several Subaltern Officers, with about 20 private Soldiers, whom they brought off with 38 Horses, and a good number of Arms and Accoutrements. We have sent away our sick Men. The 16th, 2 Parties of Hussars returned to the Camp, one of which came up with a Party of the Enemy, killed 12 of them, and took 10 Horses. An Account came from General Vaubonne, That according to his Orders, he had possessed himself of the Castle of Ustiano, in the Principality of Bozzolo, having prevented the Design of the French, who had sent thither 300 Horse, and as many Foot, for the same purpose. This Castle is situated upon a high Hill, near the Place where the River Mella falls into the Oglio, and is of great advantage to us, by reason of its natural Strength, and convenient Situation to cover the Quarters designed for our Forces, for which reason a Reinforcement of 300 Foot and 40 Horse was immediately sent thither under the Command of Major Hoffman. General Vaubonne did further advise, That one of his Parties had brought in 4 Prisoners and 60 Horses. Our Artillery was sent away to Castiglione, except 12 Field-pieces; as were likewise our sick and disabled Men, under a Guard of Horse and Foot. We received an Account, That the Enemy have begun to canton their Forces between the Oglio and the Adda, and being informed, That we expected some Troops by the way of the Country of the Grisons, they immediately sent 7 Regiments of Foot to Como to oppose their Passage. The 17th, one of our Parties of Horse returned hither, who advanced as far as Soricina, where they killed 17 of the Enemy, and took 3 Prisoners, without the loss of one Man. All our Parties are come home. We are preparing to remove from hence, and 'tis said, our Forces will be divided in several Bodies, and march several ways, to take their Winter-quarters.

Vienna, November 19. A Courier was sent from hence two days ago to Livonia, with Instructions to Count Wetz, the Emperor's Envoy to the King of Sweden, relating to the Negotiation which is carrying on for restoring the Peace in the North, and for engaging that King in an Alliance with the Emperor. An Express arrived last Night from Italy, with the News of the happy Retreat of the French from their Camp near Vrago.

The Officer who assisted Prince Rogotzi in his Escape from the Castle Newstad, is committed to Prison; The Princess Ragotzi is confined in Nunnery in this City, and her two Sons and principal Servants are all under Confinement. Letters from Trent give an account, That the 6000 Danes, which lately entered into the Emperor's Service, and two Imperial Regiments of Foot, are marched by that place, going to join the Imperial Army in Italy.

Cologne, Novemb. 29. The Elector of Cologne has not yet admitted the French Forces into Bon; and to palliate what he has done in receiving the French into Rhinberg and other places of this Electorate would have them pass for Troops of the Circle of Burgundy; And one of the Inhabitants of Keyserwaert, who called the French Soldiers that came in there Frenchmen, had, by order of the Governour, his Nose and Ears cut off; which Barbarity has extremely incensed the People there. The Chapter and Magistrates of Cologne have resolved to augment the Garrison of this place, and to take in several Battalions of the Dutch Forces.

Brussels, Novemb. 29. Orders are given for raising six Regiments of Foot in these Provinces; and 'tis said as many more are to be raised, as will make up these new Levies 10000 Men. The Commander of the Garrison of Bruges has taken away the Keys of the Town from the Magistrate who ever had them in their keeping; and Directions are given for doing the like at Antwerp. This, and the little Regard that is had upon all other Occasions to the Privileges of the Inhabitants of these Provinces, occasions great Murmuring among them, and makes them very uneasy under the French Government. When the French Forces enter'd into Liege, the Inhabitants took up Arms to oppose them, but found it too late, and were forced to submit.

Hague, Decemb. 2. Upon the News of the French Forces having possessed themselves of Liege, Keyserwaert and several other places in the Electorate of Cologne, Orders are given for the Marching of more Dutch Forces towards the Dutchy of Juliers. We hear a Body of French Forces came before Huy, but that the Governour of that place refused to admit them, declaring, as he had taken an Oath to the Chapter of Cologne he could not do it without their particular Orders. Don Quiros, the Spanish Ambassador, is gone from hence to Brussels.

Paris, Decemb. 3. N. S. The last Letters from Italy say, the French Forces are gone into Quarters, and the Duke of Savoy's Troops are on their March towards Piedmont. The French have suffered extremely in Campaign, and their Troops are very much weakened, most of the Battalions wanting two or three hundred Men: To recruit them, Men will be drawn out of the Militia, and sent to Italy; and to make the said Militia up again, the several Villages will be obliged to furnish each a certain Number, as has been practised of late. The Count d'Estree sailed from Cadiz the 30th of the last Month, with 4 of the biggest Ships of his Squadron, who are to carry Soldiers to Naples. Twelve French Gallies are in Winter at Cadiz.

Members chosen for the ensuing Parliament.

Guilford, Denzell Onslow Esq; Morgan Randall Esq;
Steyning, Sir Robert Fagg Bar. Charles Goring Esq;
Arundell - - - Cook Esq; - - - Weekes Esq;
Horsbarn, Henry Yates Esq; - - - Wicker Esq;
Midhurst, Lawrence Alcock Esq; John Lewknor Esq;
Lewes, Thomas Pelham Esq; Henry Pelham Esq;
Buckingham, Sir Richard Temple Bar. Sir Edmund Denton Bar.
Aymondestham, the Rt. H. the Lord Cheyne Viscount Newhaven, John Drake Esq;
Northampton, The Hon. Christopher Montague Esq; Thomas Andrews Esq;
Bedford, - - - Farrer Esq; William Spencer Esq;
Reading, Anthony Blagrove Esq; Tansfield Vachel Esq;
Marleborough, Robert Tard Esq; John Jeffrys Esq;
Cricklade, Charles Fox Esq; Edmund Dunch Esq;
Wottonbasset, Henry St. John Esq; Thomas Jacob Esq;
Canterbury, George Sayer Esq; Henry Lee Esq;
Rochester, Francis Barrill Esq; William Bockenham Esq;
Queensborough, Robert Crawford Esq; Thomas King Esq;
Colchester, Sir Isaac Rebow, Sir Thomas Cook.
Chipping-Wicombe, Cha. Godfrey Esq; Fleetwood Dormer Esq;
Great Marlow, Sir James Etheridge James Chace Esq;
Leicester, Lawrence Carter Esq; James Winstanley Esq;
East Grinstead, The Rt. Hon. the Lord Orrery, John Conyers Esq;
Salisbury, Cha. Fox Esq; Robert Eyre Esq;
Wilton, Sir Henry Alburt, John Gauntlet Esq;
Dorchester, Tho. Trenchard Esq; Nar. Napier Esq;
Devizes, Sir Fra. Child, John Methuen Esq;
Oxford University, The Hon. Heneage Finch Esq; Wm. Bromely Esq;
Malmesbury, The Rt. Hon. Mr. Secretary Hedges, Edw. Pauncefort Esq;
Westbury, The Hon. Henry Bertie Esq; the Hon. Robert Bertie Esq;
Harwich, Sir Tho. Davall, Dennis Lyddell Esq;
Warwick Borough, The Hon. Fra. Greville Esq; Algernon Greville Esq;
Hastmere, Geo. Vernon Esq; Geo. Woodroffe Esq;
Seaford, Sir William Thomas Bar. William Lowndes Esq;
Whitchurch, John Shrimpton Esq; Richard Woolaston Esq;
Hastings, John Pulteney Esq; John Mounsher Esq;

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy desire all Persons that are willing to furnish Butter and Suffolk Cheese for the use of the Navy for the Year ensuing, with a Warranty that the same shall hold good for the space of 6 Months after delivery, and to take their Payments in course, That they bring to the Victualling-Office on Tower-hill, London, their Proposals in Writing sealed up; And the said Commissioners do hereby give notice, That on Friday the 5th of December next, between 11 and 12 a Clock, they intend to open such Proposals as shall be left with them, in order to Contract accordingly.

Advertisements.

THE Annual Eaton-Scholars Feast, will be held at Mercers-Hall in Cheap-side on Saturday the 6th of December next, being the Founder's Birth-day. Tickets may be had at Man's Coffee-house by Whitehall, the Rainbow Coffee-house by Temple-bar, the Crown Tavern, and St. Dunstan's Coffee-house in Fleetstreet, Child's Coffee-house by St. Paul's, Mr. Hall's at the Haunch of Venison in Cheap-side, and Batson's Coffee-house in Cornhill.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Benjamin West, late of London, Tin Plate-worker; All Persons that owe him any Moneys, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but to such only whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Abraham Shouls, late of Moor-fields, London, Button-maker; All Persons that owe him any Moneys, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to him, or his Order, but are forthwith to notify the same to Mr. Geo. Wilcocks, Attorney, in the Poultry, London, one of the Commissioners, how much they are indebted, and what Effects of the said Shouls they have in their hands, or they'll be sued for the same.

A considerable quantity of all sorts of Norwich Stuffs, Broad Cloths, and other Woollen Goods, to be sold at the Marine Coffee-house in Birch-lane on Thursday the 4th of December next, at 3 in the afternoon, and to be seen at the Quinquopos Office on the Royal Exchange from Monday till the Sale.

From **Monday** November 24. to **Thursday** November 27. 1701.

A P R O C L A M A T I O N,
For a General F A S T.

WE taking into Our Pious and Prerely Consideration, the great and eminent Dangers, which Our Kingdoms, and the true Protestant Religion established among Us, are in the present Juncture Threatened with; And being Sensible, That the same cannot otherwise, in Humane Reason, be Prevented, but by the particular Blessing of GOD upon the Consultations and Endeavours of Our Great Council in Parliament, which We have Called to Meet on the 30th Day of December next; Have, out of Our own Religious Disposition, Resolved, and do hereby Command, That a General and Publick Fast be Kept throughout this whole Kingdom, in such manner as is hereafter Directed and Prescribed, that so both We and Our People may Send up Our Prayers and Supplications to Almighty GOD, to Avert those Judgments which Our manifold Sins and Provocations have most justly Deserved, and Implore His Blessing on Us and Our Dominions, and to Unite the Hearts of Our Loyal Protestant Subjects, and to Continue His Mercy, and the Protestant Religion, to Us and Our Posterities, and more especially to Bestow His Abundant Blessings on the Consultations and Endeavours of Our Ensuing Parliament, that the same may Produce Honour, Safety, and Prosperity, to Our Self and Our People. And to the End, that so Religious an Exercise may be Observed at one and the same Time. We do hereby, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Publish and Declare to all Our Loving Subjects, and do streightly Charge and Command, That on Friday, being the 19th Day of December next, this Fast shall be Religiously Kept and Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Direction to the Arch-Bishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches, Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Fast be Reverently and Decently Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they Tender the Favour of Almighty GOD, and would Avoid His Wrath and Indignation against this Land, and upon Pain of Undergoing such Punishment as We may justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Duty.

Hampton-Court, Nov. 25. The following Address from the County of Brecon, was presented to His Majesty by *Thomas Walker Esq*; introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Quinborough*.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and other Freeholders of the County of Brecon, met together at the General Sessions of the Peace, holden at the Town of Brecon in the said County in the month of October, in the 13th Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects being very sensible, That the French King, whom no Ties of Religion, Treaties, or Honour can bind, is again about to involve us in new Troubles, by setting up Usurped Titles both for himself abroad, and for the pretended Prince of Wales here at home, with a Design to enlarge his Dominions, and to satisfy his Ambition, and create intestine Differences amongst our selves, and consequently to embarrass all Europe in new Troubles. We Your Majesty's most Dutiful Subjects do hereby solemnly Protest and Promise, That we will to the utmost of our Power, both in our Persons and Fortunes, Contribute all we can to preserve and defend Your Sacred Person, and Your Undoubted Right to Your Kingdoms and Dominions, against all Opposers and Pretenders whatsoever.

The following Address from the Borough of Brecon was presented to His Majesty by Sir Jeffrey Jeffreys, and Thomas Walker Esq; introduced by his Grace the Duke of Ormond.

The humble Address of the Bayliff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common, Council, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the Borough of *Brecon*.

WE Your Majesty's most Faithful and Loyal Subjects being highly sensible, That the Security of our Religion, Rights, and Properties, and the Welfare and Happiness of the Nation, doth in so high a measure depend on the Safety and Preservation of Your Majesty's sacred Person; do humbly beg Leave to Congratulate your safe and happy Return home, and so acquaint Your Majesty, That the News of the French King's owning the pretended Prince of Wales to be King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, was received by us with the most Indignation, and abhorred and detested with such Just Resentments, as great and unparallel'd an Affront to Your Majesty's Person, Crown, and Title, could inspire into the most Affectionate and Loyal Hearts. We therefore further humbly crave leave to assure Your Majesty, in demonstration of unfeigned Loyalty, Duty, and Affection, unto Your Majesty's Royal Person, that none of your Subjects shall with greater Cheerfulness, Resolution, and Loyalty, Aid and Assist Your Majesty with their Persons, or their Fortunes, in Vindication of Your Majesty's most undoubted Right and Title to Your Majesty's Kingdoms and Dominions, against all your Enemies whatsoever, both at home and abroad, than those of this Your Majesty's ancient and Loyal Corporation of London. In Testimony whereof, we have caused the Common Seal of our said Corporation to be hereunto set the 12th Day of November, in the 13th Year of your Majesty's Reign; &c.

The following Address from, the County of Cumberland, and a like Loy-
drefs of the Bayliff, Aldermen Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the
ancient Borough and Corporation of Morpeth, in the County of North-
umberland, were presented to His Majesty by the Right Honorable the Earl of

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.
The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, and other
Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

THE late insolent Proceeding of the King of France, in taking upon him to give the Title of King of *England, Scotland and Ireland* to the pretended Prince of *Wales*, (being an Affront and Indignity of the highest nature offered to Your Majesty) we take this occasion to assure Your Majesty, That we detest and resent it as becomes dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

There did not want this farther Proof to convince us, that that Monarch, in Violation of all the Oaths and Treaties that he has made with Your Majesty, will take the first favourable Occasion that offers, to subject these Kingdoms to his despotick Power.

Therefore do we assure Your Majesty, whensoever You shall think it necessary, we will to the utmost of our Abilities assist Your Majesty to reduce the exorbitant and dangerous Power of *France*. And that it may more fully appear that we shall be heartily zealous in this Undertaking, we humbly take the Liberty to acquaint Your Majesty, That we look upon the Preservation of our Laws, Liberties, and Religion, entirely and wholly to depend upon Rendering that Monarch for the future incapable to molest them; the effecting of which, we have all reason to hope for under Your Majesty's most wise and prudent Conduct.

We do farther crave Leave humbly to assure Your Majesty, That we will not only to the utmost hazard of our Lives defend and support Your Majesty's Government and Person (which we pray God long to continue to us) but we do also solemnly resolve and here declare, we will use our utmost Endeavours to support and protect the Succession of the Crown as it is now settled by Act of Parliament in the Protestant Line, against all Invaders and Pretenders whatsoever.

The following Address from the County of Warwick was presented to His Majesty by George Lucy and Hugh Clopton Esq; introduced by the R. Hon^{ble} Earl of Denbigh.

The humble Address of the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Warwick.

WE would by no means be understood to Invaide the Province of your
great Honor in Parliament, whose Advice may be given, July 10
Your Majesty both in Peace and War:) neither could we approach your Royal
Throne with a Zeal less fervent than our Fellow-Subjects, whereby your En-
emies abroad should have the least Pretence to distinguish we are a divided Peo-
ple. We therefore humbly hope, we cannot encroach on any part of our Consti-
tution, whilst we beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, That as often as the pre-
sumptuous Infractions of the French King upon his Treaties shall induce Your
Majesty to shew your Just Resentments, we will to the utmost of our Capacities
support and enable Your Majesty to Reassume your Royal Prerogative in the Re-
ducing the Exorbitancies of the French King, with the utter Suppression of all
other your Enemies, Pretenders to your Crown and Dignity, with their Abbe-
rents.

The following Address from the Borough of ~~Heddon~~ was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godolphin Esq;

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of *Helfstone*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

TO You (Great Sir) do we, with Hearts as full of Loyalty as Duty, presume to Address our selves; To Your most Sacred Majesty do we justly Acknowledge the Preservation of our Religion and Tranquillity, detesting and abhorring all the Machinations and Contrivances of Your Majesty's and our Common Enemy the French King, especially that of his late asserting the Interest of a pretended Prince of Wales, and giving him the Title of King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in opposition to Your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of these Realms, which we humbly hope will no otherwise affect that Design, than by giving all your good Subjects a clear Prospect of his intended Delusions, and a true Sense of their own Duty.

That all his Politicks and Devices may have no better Effects, and that the Crown may flourish on your Royal Head, until it shall be late succeeded by another of Eternal Glory, are and shall be as well the most zealous Endeavour, as the hearty Prayers, of, Dread Sovereign, Your Majesty's most Obedient and Loyal Subjects and Servants.

The following Address from the Borough of Chipping-Wicomb, was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godfrey, and Fleeswood Dormer, Esqrs.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs, and Burgesses of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of *Chipping-Wicomb*, in the County of *Bucks*; and other Inhabitants of the said Borough.

W H E N we seriously reflect, That (next to the Divine Providence) we owe the present Enjoyment of our Religion, our Estates, and our Liberties to the unmitable Care and Consent of Your Majesty, and how frequently You have exposed Your Sacred Life in the utmost Hazards, for securing these Blessings to Your Subjects; we are at a loss for Words to express our Gratitude, and the high Veneration we shall ever retain for Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government.

But in return most humbly beg leave hereby to assure Your Majesty, That we
shall upon all occasions be ready to the extent of our Power, so to sacrifice our Lives
and Fortunes in the Defense and Support of Your Majesty's most Just, most Rightful
and most Lawful Title to the Crowns of England Scotland, and Ireland, against
the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his Adherents; and in opposition to the
French King, and all other Persons whomsoever, who shall it so be hereafter in-
solently attempt to set up any Claim to any of Your Majesty's Dominions, con-
trary to the legal acts of Parliament for Limiting and Establishing the
Succession of the Crown.

And we shall daily offer up our most fervent Prayers for Your Majesty's Long and flourishing Reign over us; and that through the Blessing of Almighty GOD, and His Wisdom and Assistance of Your approaching Parliament at home, with the Courage and Fidelity of Your Allies abroad, Your Majesty may be rendered (as You justly deserve) the Chief Protector of the Protestant Religion, the Grand Arbitrator of Europe, and the Terror and Scourge of France. In Testimony whereof we have hereunto affixed our Common Seal of the said Borough, this Two and twentieth Day of November, in the Thirteenth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

Thu following Address was presented to His Majesty by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Halifax.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of Your Majesty's Loyal Subjects the Inhabitants of the Town and Vicaridge of *Hullfax*, in the County of York.

Great SIR,

As we Abhor all Pretences that call in Question Your Majesty's Title to your Imperial Crown; so utterly Detest the French King's Insolence, in declaring the pretended Prince of Wales King over Your Majesty's Lawful Dominions: In opposition thereto, we are ready with one Heart and Mind to expose our Lives and Fortunes.

We heartily pray for Your Majesty's long and prosperous Reign over us, That GOD (under whom your Royal Person hath done so many Glorious Things for us) would be your Defender and Keeper, giving Your Majesty the Victory over all Your Enemies. In Testimony whereof, we have affixed our Town Seal in the behalf of many Thousands of us.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Magistrates, Freemen, and other the Inhabitants, of the ancient Borough of Petersfield, in the County of Southampton.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Burgess, Justice, Aldermen, and Inhabitants, of the Borough of St. Ives, in the County of Cornwall.

The following Address were transmitted from Ireland.

The humble and hearty Address of the Sovereign, Recorder, Burgesses, and Freemen, of the ancient Corporation of Kildare.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Common-Council, of the ancient Town and County of Drogheda.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Citizens, of the City of Waterford.

The humble Address of the Nobility, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and Freeholders, of the County of Waterford.

The humble Address of the Governor, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and Freeholders, of the County of Wicklow, for themselves and His Majesty's Loyal Subjects of that County.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Burgesses, Common-Council, and Freemen, of the Town and County of the Town of Galway.

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, and the rest of the Protestant Freeholders of the County of Kilkenny.

The humble Address of the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Drogheda Custos Rotulorum, and of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, and Freeholders, of the County of Meath.

All which Addresses His Majesty received very Graciously.

From the Imperial Camp near Ponte-Oglia, November 17, N. S. The 11th Instant in the evening, one of our Parties returned to the Camp, having met with some of the Enemy's Dragoons, of whom they killed 7, and brought away several Prisoners, with 19 Horses. The 12th, Adjutant-General, Count Davis, Captain Columba, and Colonel Paul Diack returned hither with the Parties under their Command, who met near Soncino a Convoy of the Enemy, guarded by 100 Horse and as many Foot, whom they attacked, and killed above 30, but a Reinforcement coming to the Enemy from the Town, our Men were obliged to retire with the loss of about 20 of their number. The Enemy lost in this occasion 80 Men, several of them Officers. In the night our advanced Guards sent notice to the General, that they heard a great noise in the Enemy's Camp, and saw Fires in several places, upon which several Parties were sent out to get Intelligence, but they found their Out-Guards posted in the usual manner, so that they could not advance near enough to observe the Enemy; But the 13th in the morning we had Advice, That the Enemy were decamped without beat of Drum, and had repassed the Oglio; Upon which, Prince Eugene went out himself with a Party of Horse, and finding this Account to be true, he immediately caused 12 Field-Pieces to be planted on the Banks of the River, where a strong Detachment of Grenadiers was likewise posted, and another Detachment with a Body of Horse were sent over one of the Bridges the Enemy had laid over the Oglio, which they had not time to break down. Our Men fired upon the Enemy, and our Cannon and small Arms did some execution, and we were informed, That Marshal Catinat was wounded in his right Arm and his right Side with a Musket Shot. Prince Eugene and several other General Officers went afterwards to view the Enemy's Camp, which they found strongly intrenched. The Enemy encamped near Calzo. The 14th, they marched from thence towards Soncino. Several Parties were sent out after them. The Weather was very bad, with abundance of Snow. The 15th, we received Advice, That the Enemy had put Garisons into Soncino and Fontanella, and were marched to Picengo. One of our Parties came home, who had fallen upon the Enemy's Foragers between Tricola and Sorcina, killed above 60, took a Major, a Lieutenant, and several Subaltern Officers, with about 20 private Soldiers, whom they brought off with 38 Horses, and a good number of Arms and Accoutrements. We have sent away our sick Men. The 16th, 2 Parties of Hussars returned to the Camp, one of which came up with a Party of the Enemy, killed 12 of them, and took 10 Horses. An Account came from General Vaubonne, That according to his Orders, he had possessed himself of the Castle of Ustiano, in the Principality of Bozzolo, having prevented the Design of the French, who had sent thither 300 Horse, and as many Foot, for the same purpose. This Castle is situated upon a high Hill, near the Place where the River Mella falls into the Oglio, and is of great advantage to us, by reason of its natural Strength, and convenient Situation to cover the Quarters designed for our Forces, for which reason a Reinforcement of 300 Foot and 40 Horse was immediately sent thither under the Command of Major Hoffman. General Vaubonne did further advise, That one of his Parties had brought in 4 Prisoners and 60 Horses. Our Artillery was sent away to Castiglione, except 12 Field-pieces; as were likewise our sick and disabled Men, under a Guard of Horse and Foot. We received an Account, That the Enemy have begun to canton their Forces between the Oglio and the Adda, and being informed, That we expected some Troops by the way of the Country of the Grisons, they immediately sent 7 Regiments of Foot to Como to oppose their Passage. The 17th, one of our Parties of Horse returned hither, who advanced as far as Sorcina, where they killed 17 of the Enemy, and took 3 Prisoners, without the loss of one Man. All our Parties are come home. We are preparing to remove from hence, and 'tis said, our Forces will be divided in several Bodies, and march several ways, to take their Winter-quarters.

Vienna, November 19. A Courier was sent from hence two days ago to Livonia, with Instructions to Count Wertz, the Emperor's Envoy to the King of Sweden, relating to the Negotiation which is carrying on for restoring the Peace in the North, and for engaging that King in an Alliance with the Emperor. An Express arrived last Night from Italy, with the News of the hasty Retreat of the French from their Camp near Vrago.

The Officer who assisted Prince Rogotzi in his Escape from the Castle Newstad, is committed to Prison; The Princess Ragotzi is confined in Nunnery in this City, and her two Sons and principal Servants are under Confinement. Letters from Trent give an account, That the 600 Danes, which lately entered into the Emperor's Service, and two Imperial Regiments of Foot, are marched by that place, going to join the Imperial Army in Italy.

Cologne, Novemb. 29. The Elector of Cologne has not yet admitted the French Forces into Bon; and to palliate what he has done in receiving the French into Rhinberg and other places of this Electorate would have them pass for Troops of the Circle of Burgundy: And one of the Inhabitants of Keyserwaert, who called the French Soldiers that came in there Frenchmen, had, by order of the Governour, his Nose and Ears cut off; which Barbarity has extremely incensed the People there. The Chapter and Magistrates of Cologne have resolved to augment the Garrison of this place, and to take in several Battalions of the Dutch Forces.

Brussels, Novemb. 29. Orders are given for raising six Regiments of Foot in these Provinces; and 'tis said as many more are to be raised, as will make up these new Levies 10000 Men. The Commander of the Garrison of Bruges has taken away the Keys of the Town from the Magistrate who ever had them in their keeping; and Directions are given for doing the like at Antwerp. This, and the little Regard that is had upon all other Occasions to the Privileges of the Inhabitants of these Provinces, occasions great Murmuring among them, and makes them very uneasy under the French Government. When the French Forces enter'd into Liege, the Inhabitants took up Arms to oppose them, but found it too late, and were forced to submit.

Hague, Decemb. 2. Upon the News of the French Forces having possessed themselves of Liege, Keyserwaert and several other places in the Electorate of Cologne, Orders are given for the Marching of more Dutch Forces towards the Dutchy of Juliers. We hear a Body of French Forces came before Huy, but that the Governour of that place refused to admit them, declaring, as he had taken an Oath to the Chapter of Cologne, he could not do it without their particular Orders. Don Quiros, the Spanish Ambassador, is gone from hence to Brussels.

Paris, Decemb. 3. N. S. The last Letters from Italy say, the French Forces are gone into Quarters, and the Duke of Savoy's Troops are on their March towards Piedmont. The French have suffered extremely in Campaign, and their Troops are very much weakened, most of the Bregions wanting two or three hundred Men: To recruit them, Men will be drawn out of the Militia, and sent to Italy; and to make the said Militia up again, the several Villages will be obliged to furnish each a certain Number, as has been practised of late. The Count d'Estree failed from Cadiz the 30th of the last Month, with 4 of the biggest Ships of his Squadron, who are to carry Soldiers to Naples. Twelve French Gallies are Winter at Cadiz.

Members chosen for the ensuing Parliament.

Guilford, Denzell Onslow Esq; Morgan Randall Esq;
Steyning, Sir Robert Fagg Bar. Charles Goring Esq;
Arundell - - - Cook Esq; - - - Weekes Esq;
Horsbarn, Henry Yates Esq; - - - Wicker Esq;
Midhurst, Lawrence Alcock Esq; John Lewknor Esq;
Lewes, Thomas Pelham Esq; Henry Pelham Esq;
Buckingham, Sir Richard Temple Bar. Sir Edmund Denton Bar.
Aymondestham, the Rt. H. the Lord Cheyne Viscount Newhaven, John Drake Esq;
Northampton, The Hon. Christopher Montague Esq; Thomas Anderson Esq;
Bedford, - - - Farrer Esq; William Spencer Esq;
Reading, Anthony Blagrave Esq; Tansfield Vachel Esq;
Marleborough, Robert Tard Esq; John Jeffrys Esq;
Cricklade, Charles Fox Esq; Edmund Dunch Esq;
Wottonbasset, Henry St. John Esq; Thomas Jacob Esq;
Canterbury, George Sayer Esq; Henry Lee Esq;
Rochester, Francis Barrill Esq; William Bockenham Esq;
Queensborough, Robert Crawford Esq; Thomas King Esq;
Colchester, Sir Isaac Rebow, Sir Thomas Cook.
Chipping-Wicombe, Chas. Godfrey Esq; Fleetwood Dormer Esq;
Great Marlow, Sir James Etheridge James Chace Esq;
Leicester, Lawrence Carter Esq; James Winstanley Esq;
East Grinstead, The Rt. Hon. the Lord Orrery, John Conyers Esq;
Salisbury, Chas. Fox Esq; Robert Eyre Esq;
Wilton, Sir Henry Alburt, John Gauntlet Esq;
Dorchester, Tho. Trenchard Esq; Nat. Napier Esq;
Devizes, Sir Fra. Child, John Methuen Esq;
Oxford University, The Hon. Heneage Finch Esq; Wm. Bromely Esq;
Malmesbury, The Rt. Hon. Mr. Secretary Hedges, Edw. Pouncefort Esq;
Westbury, The Hon. Henry Bertie Esq; the Hon. Robert Bertie Esq;
Warwick, Sir Tho. Darnall, Dennis Lyddell Esq;
Warwick Borough, The Hon. Fra. Greville Esq; Algernon Greville Esq;
Hastmere, Geo. Vernon Esq; Geo. Woodroffe Esq;
Seaford, Sir William Thomas Bar. William Lowndes Esq;
Whitchurch, John Shrimpton Esq; Richard Woolaston Esq;
Hastings, John Pulteney Esq; John Mounsher Esq;

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy desire all Persons that are willing to furnish Butter and Suffolk Cheese for the use of the Navy for the Year ensuing, with a Warranty that the same shall hold good for the space of 6 Months after delivery, and to take their Payments in course, that they bring to the Victualling-Office on Tower-hill, London, their Proposals Writing sealed up; And the said Commissioners do hereby give notice, That Friday the 5th of December next, between 11 and 12 a Clock, they intend to open such Proposals as shall be left with them, in order to Contract accordingly.

Advertisements.

THE Annual Eaton-Scholars Feast, will be held at Mercers-Hall in Cheap on Saturday the 6th of December next, being the Founder's Birth day. Tickets may be had at Man's Coffee-house by Whitehall, the Rainbow Coffee-house in Temple-bar, the Crown Tavern, and St. Dunstan's Coffee-house in Fleet-street; Child's Coffee-house by St. Paul's; Mr. Hall's at the Haunch of Venison in Cheap; and Batson's Coffee-house in Cornhill.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Benjamin Wate of London, Tin Plate-worker, All Persons that owe him any Money that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but to such only whom the Commissioners shall appoint. And whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Abraham Shouls of Moor-fields, London, Button-maker, All Persons that owe him any Money, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to him, or his Order, but are forthwith to notify the same to Mr. Geo. Wilcocks, Attorney, in the Poultry, London, one of the Commissioners, how much they are indebted, and what Effects of the said Shouls they have in their hands, or they'll be sued for the same.

A considerable quantity of all sorts of Norwich Stuffs, Broad Cloths, and Woollen Goods, to be sold at the Marine Coffee-house in Birch-lane on Thursday the 4th of December next, at 5 in the afternoon, and to be seen at the Office on the Royal Exchange from Monday till the Sale.

By the King,

WILLIAR R.

Given at Our Court at Hampton-Court the Twenty third Day of November, 1701. In the Thirtieth Year of Our Reign.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please Your Majesty,

The following Address from the Borough of Brecon was presented to His Majesty by Sir Jeffrey Jeffreys, and Thomas Walker Esq; introduced by his Grace the Duke of Ormond.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Bayliff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common, Council, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the Borough of *Brecon*.

May it please Your most Excellent Majesty,

The following Address from the County of Cumberland, and a like Love Address of the Bayliff, Aldermen Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the ancient Borough and Corporation of Morpeth, in the County of Northumberland, were presented to His Majesty by the Right Honorable the

of *Essex*, in the Absence of the Earl of *Carlisle* Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Cumberland*.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, and other
Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

Dread Sovereign,

THE late insolent Proceeding of the King of *France*, in taking upon him, to give the Title of King of *England, Scotland and Ireland* to the pretended Prince of *Wales*, (being an Affront and Indignity of the highest nature offered to Your Majesty) we take this occasion to assure Your Majesty, That we detest and resent it as becomes dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

There did not want this farther Proof to convince us, that that Monarch, in Violation of all the Oaths and Treaties that he has made with Your Majesty, will take the first favourable Occasion that offers, to subject these Kingdoms to his despotick Power.

Therefore do we assure Your Majesty, whensoever You shall think it necessary, we will to the utmost of our Abilities assist Your Majesty to reduce the exorbitant and dangerous Power of *France*. And that it may more fully appear that we shall be heartily zealous in this Undertaking, we humbly take the Liberty to acquaint Your Majesty, That we look upon the Preservation of our *Laws, Liberties, and Religion*, entirely and wholly to depend upon Rendering that *Monarch* for the future incapable to molest them; the effecting of which, we have all reason to hope for under Your Majesty's most-wise and prudent Conduct.

We do farther crave Leave humbly to assure Your Majesty, That we will not only to the utmost hazard of our Lives defend and support Your Majesty's Government and Person (which we pray God long to continue to us) but we do also solemnly resolve and here declare, we will use our utmost Endeavours to support and protect the Succession of the Crown, as it is now settled by Act of Parliament in the Protestant Line, against all Invaders and Pretenders whatsoever.

The following Address from the County of ^CWarwick was presented to His Majesty by George Lucy and Hugh Clifton Esq; introduced by the R. Hon^{ble} Earl of Denbigh.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Warwick.

Great Sir,

WE would by no means be understood to invade the Province of your
great Council in Parliament. Where Advice may be so necessary to
Your Majesty both in Peace and War: neither could we approach your Royal
Throne with a Zeal less fervent than our fellow-Subjects, whereby your En-
emies abroad should have the least Pretence to distinguish we are a divided Peo-
ple. We therefore humbly hope, we cannot encroach on any part of your Consti-
tution, whilst we beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, That as often as the pre-
sumptuous Infractions of the French King upon his Treaties shall induce Your
Majesty to shew your Just Resentments, we will to the utmost of our Capacities
support and enable Your Majesty to Reassume your Royal Prerogative in the Re-
ducing the Exorbitancies of the French King, with the utter Suppression of all
other your Enemies, Pretenders to your Crown and Dignity, with their Adhe-
rents.

The following Address from the Borough of *Heddon* was presented to His Majesty by *Charles Godolphin Esq;*

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of *Helfston*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

TO You (Great Sir) do we, with Hearts as full of Loyalty as Duty, presume to Address our selves; To Your most Sacred Majesty do we justly Acknowledge the Preservation of our Religion and Tranquillity, detesting and abhorring all the Machinations and Contrivances of Your Majesty's and our Common Enemy the French King, especially that of his late asserting the Interest of a pretended Prince of Wales, and giving him the Title of King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in opposition to Your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of these Realms, which we humbly hope will no otherwise affect that Design, than by giving all your good Subjects a clear Prospect of his intended Delusions, and a true Sense of their own Duty.

That all his Politicks and Devices may have no better Effects, and that the Crown may flourish on your Royal Head, until it shall be late succeeded by another of Eternal Glory, are and shall be as well the most zealous Endeavours, as the hearty Prayers, of, Dread Sovereign, Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects and Servants.

The following Address from the Borough of Chipping-Wcomb, was presented to His Majesty by Charles Godfrey, and Fleetwood Dormer, Esqrs;

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs, and Burgesses of Your Majesty's ancient Borough of *Chipping-Wicombe*, in the County of *Bucks*; and other Inhabitants of the said Borough.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

W H E N we seriously reflect, That (next to the Divine Providence) we owe the present Enjoyment of our Religion, our Estates, and our Liberties to the unintermittable Care and Consult of Your Majesty, and how frequently You have exposed Your Sacred Life to the utmost Hazards, for securing these Blessings to Your Subjects; we are at a loss for Words to express our Gratitude, and the high Veneration we shall ever retain for Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government.

But in return most humbly beg leave hereby to assure Your Majesty, That we shall upon all occasions be ready to the extent of our Power, to sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the Defence and Support of Your Majesty's most Just and Rightful and most Lawful Title to the Crowns of England Scotland, and Ireland, against the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his Adherents; and in opposition to the French King, and all other Persons whomsoever, who had it in or hereafter intend to attempt to set up any Claim to any of Your Majesty's Dominions, contrary to the several Acts of Parliament for Limitting and Establishing the Succession of the Crown.